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11 March 2010

To:

Councillor Simon Edwards, Portfolio Holder

Roger Hall Mervyn Loynes Robin Martlew Richard Summerfield Scrutiny Monitor Scrutiny Monitor Opposition Spokesman Opposition Spokesman

Dear Sir / Madam

Please find a late report for the **FINANCE AND STAFFING PORTFOLIO HOLDER'S MEETING**, which will be held in **MONKFIELD ROOM**, **FIRST FLOOR** at South Cambridgeshire Hall on **WEDNESDAY**, **17 MARCH 2010** at **6.00 p.m**.

Yours faithfully **GJ HARLOCK** Chief Executive

Requests for a large print agenda must be received at least 48 hours before the meeting.

AGENDA

6. Capital Strategy 2010/11 (report to follow)



South Cambridgeshire District Council

> PAGES 1 - 30

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SOUTH CAMBRIDGESHIRE DISTRICT COUNCIL

REPORT TO:	Senior Management Team	3 March 2010
AUTHOR/S:	Finance & Staffing Portfolio Holder Best Value & Management Accountant	17 March 2010 Corporate Manager
	Affordable Homes	eerperate manager

DRAFT CAPITAL STRATEGY & CORPORATE ASSET MANAGEMENT PLAN 2010-13

Purpose

1. To comment on the draft updated Capital Strategy, Corporate Asset Management Plan and associated Core Data.

Background

- 2. As part of the Council's Corporate Planning and Medium Term Financial Strategy the Capital Strategy and Corporate Asset Management Plan (AMP) should be updated and revised to fit with the Council's objectives and financial strategy.
- 3. The Capital Strategy is the overarching document with the AMP setting out the details for the Council's housing and non-housing assets.

Considerations

4. Attached are the draft Capital Strategy, Corporate Asset Management Plan and Core Data documents for consideration and comment.

Implications

5.	Financial	The capital strategy sets out the constraints facing the Council and the criteria for setting the capital programme.
	Legal	None
	Staffing	None
	Risk Management	Failure to have an up to date capital strategy and corporate asset management plan in place may lead to an adverse Use of Resources assessment.
	Equal Opportunities	None

Consultations

6. None.

Effect on Corporate Objectives and Service Priorities

7. Work in partnership to manage growt benefit everyone in South Cambridge now and in the future	shire The capital programme has had to be
Deliver high quality services that repr best value and are accessible to all or community	
Enhance quality of life and build a sustainable South Cambridgeshire wi everyone is proud to live and work	service priorities

Conclusions/Summary

8. The attached documents form the Council's capital strategy and detailed documents for housing and non-housing assets.

Recommendations

9. SMT are recommended to endorse the draft documents and agree for these to be presented to the next Finance Portfolio Holder meeting and subsequently published on the SCDC website subject to minor presentational changes.

Background Papers: the following background papers were used in the preparation of this report:

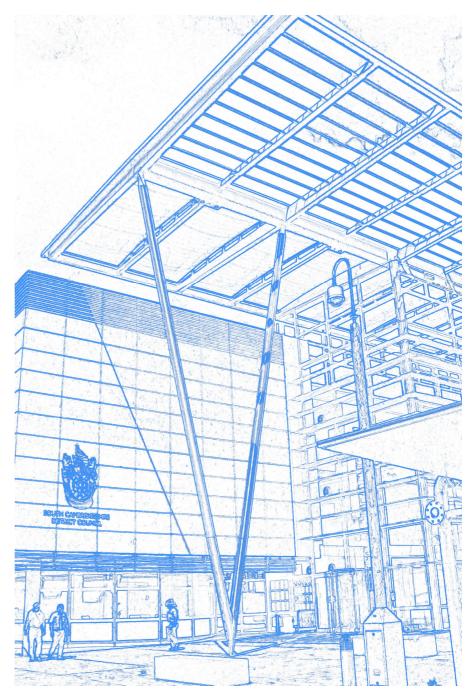
Capital Estimates to the year ending 31st March 2015 Final Accounts for the year ended 31st March 2009 Corporate Objectives, Values and Services Plans

Contact Officers: Adrian Burns Chief Accountant Tel. No. (01954) 713072 Stephen Hills, Corporate Manager Affordable Homes Tel. No. (01954) 713412 Graham Smith, Best Value and Management Accountant Tel. No. (01954) 713126



South Cambridgeshire District Council

Capital Strategy 2010 - 2011



DRAFT February 2010

DRAFT CAPITAL STRATEGY

2010/11

Contents

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Vision, Aims, Approaches and Actions
- 3. The Council's Partners
- 4. Working Corporately and Crosscutting
- 5. Best Value and Performance Measurement
- 6. Prioritising and Funding Capital Schemes
- 7. Managing and Monitoring
- 8. Conclusion

1. Introduction

The purpose of this document is to show how the Capital Strategy determines which capital projects are included in the capital programme in a rational and objective manner that maximises the contribution of the capital programme towards the achievement of the Council's corporate aims.

The Capital Strategy draws together the capital expenditure requirements emerging from the various service plans which themselves are based on consultation and cooperation in order to reflect the needs and aspirations of local people.

The majority of the Council's assets are the housing dwellings. Day to day maintenance and any plans for improvements are incorporated into the Housing Revenue Account Business Plan. This covers a 5 year period and is updated annually. It includes anticipated central government funding, rent levels and available capital receipts that can fund any necessary capital works and analyses options and strategies to maintain affordable rented and leasehold homes.

Of the remaining assets owned by the Council the only significant property is the Council's offices in Cambourne. This is a modern purpose-built building completed in 2004 and the Corporate Asset Management Plan summaries the programme of work to maintain the building from a recently conducted condition survey. Due to the funding constraints faced by the Council it has been decided that all other properties/facilities owned by the Council will be disposed of. It is anticipated that this will happen in 2010. The accompanying Corporate Asset Management Plan details how the non-housing properties are managed to ensure they meet the objectives and requirements of the Council.

Whilst the capital programme detailed in the accompanying core data will be deliverable up to 2014/15 within the resources available, this is dependent on the guaranteed buy-back of equity share dwellings being transferred to housing associations during 2010/11. If this does not occur, then a substantial sum will have to be included in the capital programme for future acquisitions and the level of expenditure and financing of the whole capital programme will have to be re-assessed.

2. Vision, Aims Approaches and Actions

The Council's Vision is "To make South Cambridgeshire a safe and healthy place where residents are proud to live and where there will be opportunities for employment, enterprise and world-leading innovation. We will be a listening Council, providing a voice for rural life and first-class services accessible to all."

The corporate aims agreed by the Council:

- A. We are committed to being a listening Council, providing first class services accessible to all;
- B. We are committed to ensuring that South Cambridgeshire continues to be a safe and healthy place for you and your family;
- C. We are committed to making South Cambridgeshire a place in which residents can feel proud to live;

- D. We are committed to assisting provision of local jobs for you and your family: and
- E. We are committed to providing a voice for rural life.

These aims, which have been subject to public consultation, set the longer-term direction of the Council. For each aim a number of Approaches set out the more specific means by which the corporate aims will be achieved. These Approaches may change more frequently than the corporate aims. As the Council does not have the resources to address all aspects of its aims at once these approaches progress particular aspects of the aims and provide a clearer focus for resource allocation and management effort. A more detailed action plan of twelve actions has been developed in conjunction with service plans, which clarify how these aims will be delivered in 2010/11. The Council's Medium Term Financial Strategy has minimum scope for new expenditure and any additional financial provision to progress priorities will have to come mainly from savings in other services.

The capital programme detailed in the Core Data has to be approved by Council and relates to the corporate objectives as follows

	Corporate Aims: The Council will -		Approaches	Capital Programme Elements
A	We are committed to	A	Listening to and engaging with our local community	
	being a listening Council, providing first class services	В	Working with voluntary organisations, Parish Councils and Cambridgeshire County Council to improve services through partnership	Local Strategic Partnership Projects
	accessible to all – by	С	Making South Cambridgeshire District Council more open and accessible	Council Dwellings & Other Housing Grants
		D	Achieving improved customer satisfaction with our services	ICT Development South Cambs Hall
		E	Ensuring that the Council demonstrates value for money in the way it works	
В	We are committed to ensuring that South	A	Working closely through our Crime and Disorder Reduction Partnership to reduce crime and the fear of crime	Council Dwellings & Other Housing Grants
	Cambridgeshire continues to be		Working with partners to combat Anti Social Behaviour	
	a safe and healthy place for you and your family – by	С	Promoting active lifestyles and increasing opportunities for sport and recreation to improve the health of all age groups	Village Sport Facilities Community Facilities
		D	Understanding where health inequalities exist and focussing on areas of need	

	Corporate Aims:		Approaches	Capital Programme
	ne Council will -			Elements
С	C We are committed to making South		Making affordable housing more	Grants to Registered Social
			available to local people	Landlords
			Ensuring that affordable housing is	
	Cambridgeshire		in balance with the community	
	a place in	С	Achieving a sustainable future for	
	which residents		the Council's housing stock	
	can feel proud	D	Working with local residents to	Council Dwellings & Other
	to live – by		promote community cohesion and	Housing Grants
			addressing the needs of the most	Conservation & Historic
			vulnerable in the community	Building Grants
		Е	Extending and encouraging the	Wheeled Bins
			use of recycling opportunities	
		F	Working to improve the cleanliness	Street Sweepers
			of our villages	
		G	Taking account of climate change	Awarded Watercourse
			in all the services that we deliver	Excavator
				Climate Change
			Promoting low carbon living and	Housing Renewal Scheme
			delivering low carbon growth	Improvement Grants
			through the planning system	
D		А	Working closely with local	
	committed to		businesses	
	assisting	В	Promoting economic development	
	provision of	С	Using cultural activities effectively	Art Grants
	local Jobs for		to promote tourism	
	you and your			
	family – by	^	Drotocting evicting communities	
E	We are	А	Protecting existing communities,	
	committed to		villages and the countryside	
	providing a	В	Working more closely with Parish	
	voice for rural life - by		Councils and Local Groups	
			Implementing planning policies to	
			achieve successful new	
			communities	
		D	Maximising planning gain for	
			neighbouring communities	
		E	Playing our part in improving rural	
			services including transport links	

The corporate aims do not feature equally in the capital strategy because some objectives incur predominately ongoing revenue costs.

The Core Data also includes a reference to the large projected increase in population in the District, which is likely to result in a corresponding increase in a demand for capital projects.

3. The Council's Partners

The Council's main partners are:

- a) Registered Social Landlords (RSLs) approved as development partners and the Cambourne Development Consortium;
- b) Council tenants for Council housing; and Social Services and Health for private sector grants through the Home Improvement Agency;
- c) Individual residents;
- d) Parish Councils and Conservation Societies;
- e) Voluntary agencies in arts provision;
- f) Cambridgeshire County Council;
- g) Cambridgeshire Police Authority;
- h) Cambridgeshire Fire and Rescue Service;
- i) Village Colleges;
- j) Cambridgeshire Horizons;
- k) Councillors, staff, the Cambridgeshire Community Network which includes local parish councils in South Cambridgeshire, Cambridge Direct, principal councils in the County of Cambridgeshire, and the Cambridge City & South Cambridgeshire Primary Care Trust; citizens, local businesses and community groups; and
- I) The public.

One of the most distinctive and long-standing aspects of the Council is our emphasis on partnership working. This enables us to influence those bodies in directing resources to the District. Obtaining matched funding from other organisations is a prime consideration in evaluation of grants for community projects.

A number of service strategies and policies are in place, which have been prepared with partner organisations. These include the housing strategy and business plan, the local development framework, crime and disorder strategy and health improvement and modernisation plan, sports strategy, arts strategy and community development strategy.

A joint local strategic partnership has been established with the County Council, Cambridge City Council, Cambridgeshire Primary Care Trust (PCT) and other partners to ensure that our partners and the public's views are reflected in these strategies. The previous South Cambridgeshire local strategic partnership produced a sustainable communities strategy up to 2008-11, a joint strategic will be produced for when this ends in March 2011.

4. Working Corporately and Crosscutting

Corporate working at South Cambridgeshire is achieved through the relatively smallscale nature of the Authority and its streamlined structure. There are regular meetings of the Senior Management Team and of the Cabinet, which include, inter alia, Portfolio Holders with crosscutting responsibilities. Decisions and policies are subject to review by a Scrutiny and Overview Committee.

The Council is working through a corporate agenda, with a range of external partners, to co-ordinate all aspects of the community development of the new settlement of Cambourne, the establishment of a new settlement at Northstowe and other growth areas around Cambridge. The corporate approach involves Planning, Housing and Community Services, amongst others, working with the Developers. For the key multi-use 'Exchange' community building at Cambourne, the partnership includes several Departments of the County Council, the Primary Care Trust and a new general practitioner practice.

The Council relocated its headquarters offices out of the centre of Cambridge to Cambourne in May 2004. This has provided offices that are more flexible and suitable to the Council's current and future needs and are easily accessible for more of the South Cambridgeshire population. The sustainability aspects of this move have been examined carefully. This has included assessing the impact of staff and residents' travel mileage and has resulted in an excellent environmental assessment for the building.

A Contact Centre with the County Council has been established to provide a first point of call by telephone for residents for all local services.

In view of the dispersed nature of the district the Council's policy has been to meet recreation and community services needs by capital grants and enabling, rather than by the direct provision of services. A review of the use of the village amenity and other grants has taken place. A more pro-active approach is in place to develop sustainable community schemes in partnership with villages, as part of the community planning process as well as addressing accessing additional capital resources by providing a funding toolkit for use by voluntary organisations, etc.

A procurement strategy has been adopted which provides a framework that enables procurement of goods and services to contribute to the achievement of the Council's objectives.

5. Best Value and Performance Measurement

As mentioned above, the Council annually agrees Actions, which give focus to achieving its Corporate Aims. Those actions are the result of consultation and consideration of national priorities and local factors. Currently, our actions address important national and local issues. The Council agrees corporate actions to ensure progress on its priorities and performance indicators to measure progress and the impact it is making.

The Council continues to develop a range of local performance indicators to ensure that progress is being made in service improvement and development. These include performance indicators relating to areas of capital expenditure – such as improved customer service as a result of ICT investment; improved waste collection and street cleaning performance; and satisfaction with community services. The Council's appraisal form for capital projects includes links with performance indicators.

Performance indicators and targets are included in the Corporate Plan and progress is monitored and managed using the Council's CorVu (Strategic Management

System) computer system. Targets are included in service plans and translated to individual officer objectives in staff appraisals. Quarterly reports are made to the Executive Management Team, Senior Management Team and Cabinet to allow high-level performance management and at the same time financial performance is monitored. Portfolio holders also monitor progress on performance and receive information, where appropriate, on progress on capital schemes.

The Council compares its performance by measuring against national performance indicators quartile information and by the user of benchmark data. To facilitate this the Council is a member of a number of benchmarking groups. The use of assets is assessed and current/future assets evaluated as described in the Asset Management Plan.

6. Prioritising and Funding Capital Schemes

As part of the annual financial process, any additional expenditure, either revenue or capital will be submitted for approval to the Senior Management Team, Portfolio Holders, Cabinet, Scrutiny and Overview Committee and, ultimately, full Council. The initial stage of the process is informed either by service reviews, Service Plans, or identification of needs by services.

Any new capital scheme over £25,000 is evaluated by the submission of a Capital Project Proposal. This details the proposal, states the costs and benefits of the proposal and how it contributes to the Corporate Aims and performance indicators. A Housing proposal is evaluated over 30 years (see **Appendix 1**) and for General Fund Schemes evaluation is over the life of that project (see **Appendix 2**). These submissions go to the relevant Portfolio Holder for evaluation and if approved form part of the capital programme that goes to Cabinet/Council for agreement. A review of these arrangements will be carried out during the course of the year to ensure these are appropriate to the authority's needs.

Projects are evaluated against the following seven criteria:

- Contribution to Council Aims.
- Assessment of Service Benefit.
- Impact of Council Performance on National Performance Indicators.
- Implications of refusing the Proposal.
- Impact on the Council's ability to meet Statutory requirements.
- Council Policy.
- Partnership Implications.

In addition, a scoring mechanism to prioritise the bids will be used (see **Appendix 3**) which will order the proposals to identify the priorities alongside the funding streams available.

This scoring mechanism has been evaluated and challenged by the Executive Management Team before being considered and approved by Senior Management Team and Cabinet

The capital programme includes grants to other organisations so that the Council incurs no staff or other recurring costs. These organisations are expected to raise

additional capital resources from the National Lottery, Sports Council, etc. The Council has a funding toolkit on its website to assist organisations seeking funding.

The Council policy of financing its capital expenditure is to:-

- a) run down the balance of capital receipts to zero to finance both Housing Revenue account (HRA) and General Fund capital expenditure which is estimated to happen in 2012/13;
- b) from 2011/12 onwards, finance HRA capital expenditure from the Major Repairs Allowance and miscellaneous minor grants;
- c) from 2011/12 onwards use the balance of HRA capital receipts after pooling to finance General Fund capital expenditure, which substantially equates to General Fund capital expenditure on housing grants and loans;
- d) use Housing Planning Delivery Grant to finance the balance of General Fund capital expenditure: and
- e) in addition, earmarked capital grants are received and used to finance specific capital expenditure.

The capital programme in 2010/11 totals around £8 million and is dependent on the level of housing capital receipts being maintained and the transfer of guaranteed buy-back of equity share dwellings to housing associations. However, the balance of capital receipts is expected to fall from £4.3 million as at 31^{st} March 2009 to a nil balance at the end of 2012/13. Thereafter, the only available capital receipts will be those received from asset sales during the year and these are estimated to be around £750,000 net of payments to Government.

Therefore, originating from the above, there is a reduction in future years from the present level of capital expenditure of £8 million to a level of £5 million in 2014/15. Anticipated demands on the revenue accounts will not allow for any substantial capital expenditure to be financed from revenue or for any debt repayments on borrowing to finance capital, except where a business case supports financing from revenue e.g. the waste and recycling strategic review. Thus the current programme as detailed in the attached core data after 2014/15 is not deliverable within the identified resources therefore, the identified programmes will either need to be reduced or additional funding will need to be found.

The main reasons for the fall in capital receipts is the introduction of legislation effective from 1st April 2004 on the pooling of capital receipts that now requires 75% of capital receipts from Right to Buy and Equity Share sales of council dwellings to be paid over to the Government and the economic downturn which has reduced the income from Right to Buy sales.

The Council has not yet considered the Private Finance Initiative and Public/Private Partnerships as it can currently finance capital expenditure from its own resources and these Initiatives and Partnerships seem more appropriate to larger local authorities and add to the Council's costs.

7. Managing and Monitoring

The progress of the Council's capital programme is monitored through the Council's annual budgetary process. The main stages are:

- Financial strategy overview.
- Budget preparation.
- Preparation of Service Plans.
- Ongoing monitoring, which is reported to the relevant portfolio holder.
- Outturn review.

A diagrammatical representation of the normal annual process is detailed in **Appendix 4**.

Between May and July the Cabinet and Council review the corporate policy context so that changes can be incorporated in any revisions to the current year's financial strategy completed in July. The outcome of these reviews are communicated to Members and staff to enable proposals and costs to progress the Council's aims to be developed.

Any additional funding is detailed. Increases over £10,000 have to be separately justified which would include the revenue consequences of additional capital expenditure.

Revised current year budgets and next year budgets are compiled for departments and services. These are calculated using baseline expenditure and any bids for extra resources submitted and approved by Scrutiny and Overview Committee, Management Team, Portfolio Holders and Cabinet.

Service Plans are developed with staff and Portfolio Holders to identify how financial resources will be used to achieve service benefits. These plans are then used as a basis for staff appraisals.

Spending on the major elements of the capital programme is reported to Officers on a monthly basis and subsequently to Portfolio Holders on a quarterly basis. Other elements of the programme are reported on an exception basis. Quarterly reports are reported to Portfolio Holders and Cabinet and high-level reports will be available on our web site and intranet.

The final outturn is also reported to Cabinet and Council. If any projects have been delayed then delegated approval from the Finance Portfolio Holder is sought to roll forward the budget.

8. Conclusion

The Council faces substantial challenges. Demand for services is likely to increase as population and the community's aspirations increase. At the same time, capital resources are diminishing as capital receipts are transferred to the Government and the Government effectively restricts revenue increases in Council Tax and Council rents. Against this background, the Council will need to develop further its present system of prioritisation and resource allocation.

Proposals for Capital Projects Greater than £25,000 Appendix 1 (For inclusion in the draft Capital Programme for the financial years 2010/11 – 2014/15)

1	Service						
2	Service Manager						
	Brief Details of						
3	Proposal						
	4. Costs	0010/11	0011/10	2012/12	0010/11	2014/17	
	(All £000s)	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	Total gross cost
Fina	ancial Year in which						
exp	enditure is expected to						
	ncurred						
	What is the estimated						
5	life expectancy of the						
3	asset related to the						
	proposal?						
	What benefit will						
	service users or						
6	residents experience						
	as a result of the						
	expenditure?						
	How many						
7	individuals/properties						
	will benefit from the						
	expenditure?						
	What evidence is there						
8	of public, tenant						
	and/or user support for the proposal?						
	Which of the 2008/09						
	priorities will the						
9	proposal address and						
	how?						
-	10111						
10	How will performance						
10	indicators be affected?						
	Is this expenditure						
	required to enable the						
	Council to meet a						
	statutory						
11	requirement? If so,						
	please give a						
	description of the						
	relevant requirement.						
	What will be the						
	implications for the						
12	Council of not						
	proceeding with the						
	proposed investment?						
	How could the same						
13	outcome be achieved						
	without the proposed						
	expenditure?						
	Is there likely to be						
	any external funding						
14	contribution? If so,						
	from where? (Please						
	attach a copy of any written confirmation)						
	written commination)						

	15. Contribution (£000s)	2010/11	2011/Ba	g ø 112A3	2013/14	2014/15	Total co	ntribution
con	ancial Year in which tribution is expected to received							
	16. Revenue impact (£000s)	Rea	son	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
fina rev	imated consequential uncial impact on net enue expenditure of the posal	Additional: income expenditure Reduction in: income expenditure Total for year						
17	Are any revenue changes likely to continue after 2010/11? If so, please complete the attached schedule?							
18	Brief description of the reasons for any revenue changes shown in 16							

REVENUE IMPACT OF THE PROPOSAL FOR FINANCIAL YEARS 2010/11 to 2036/37

To be completed if appropriate

Financial Year	Estimated	Addition to:	Estimated Reduction in:		
	Income £(000)	Expenditure £(000)	Income £(000)	Expenditure (£000)	
2010/11	· · · · ·		, <i>č</i>		
2011/12					
2012/13					
2013/14					
2014/15					
2015/16					
2016/17					
2017/18					
2018/19					
2019/20					
2020/21					
2021/22					
2022/23					
2023/24					
2024/25					
2025/26					
2026/27					
2027/28					
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2030/31					
2031/32					
2033/34					
2034/35					
2035/36					
2036/37					

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Appendix 2

Proposals for Capital Projecto Greater than £25,000 (For inclusion in the draft Capital Programme for the financial years 2010/11 – 2014/15)

1	. .						
1	Service						
2	Service Manager						
3	Brief Details of Proposal						
	4. Costs						
	(All £000s)	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	Total gross cost
Fin	ancial Year in which						
exp	enditure is expected to						
be i	ncurred						
	What is the estimated						
5	life expectancy of the						
· ·	asset related to the						
	proposal?						
	What benefit will service users or						
6							
U	residents experience as a result of the						
	expenditure?						
	How many						
_	individuals/properties						
7	will benefit from the						
	expenditure?						
	What evidence is there						
8	of public, tenant						
0	and/or user support						
	for the proposal?						
	Which of the 2010/11						
9	aims/objectives will						
	the proposal address						
	and how?						
10	How will performance						
10	indicators be affected?						
	Is this own and itum						
	Is this expenditure required to enable the						
	Council to meet a						
	statutory						
11	requirement? If so,						
	please give a						
	description of the						
	relevant requirement.						
	What will be the						
10	implications for the						
12	Council of not						
	proceeding with the proposed investment?						
	How could the same						
	outcome be achieved						
13	without the proposed						
	expenditure?						
	Is there likely to be						
	any external funding						
14	contribution? If so,						
1.4	from where? (Please						
	attach a copy of any						
	written confirmation)						

	15. Contribution (£000s)	2010/11	2011/Ba	gen1283	2013/14	2014/15	Total co	ntribution
con	ancial Year in which tribution is expected to received							
	16. Revenue impact (£000s)	Rea	son	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
fina rev	imated consequential ancial impact on net enue expenditure of the posal	Additional: income expenditure Reduction in: income expenditure Total for year						
17	Are any revenue changes likely to continue after 2010/11? If so, please complete the attached schedule?							
18	Brief description of the reasons for any revenue changes shown in 16							

REVENUE IMPACT OF THE PROPOSAL FOR FINANCIAL YEARS 2010/11 to 2036/37

To be completed if appropriate

Financial Year	Estimated	Addition to:	Estimated Reduction in:		
	Income £(000)	Expenditure £(000)	Income £(000)	Expenditure (£000)	
2010/11	X / /				
2011/12					
2012/13					
2013/14					
2014/15					
2015/16					
2016/17					
2017/18					
2018/19					
2019/20					
2020/21					
2021/22					
2022/23					
2023/24					
2024/25					
2025/26					
2026/27					
2027/28					
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2029/30					
2030/31					
2031/32					
2033/34					
2034/35					
2035/36					
2036/37					

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APPENDIX 3

Criteria for Prioritising Financial Bids

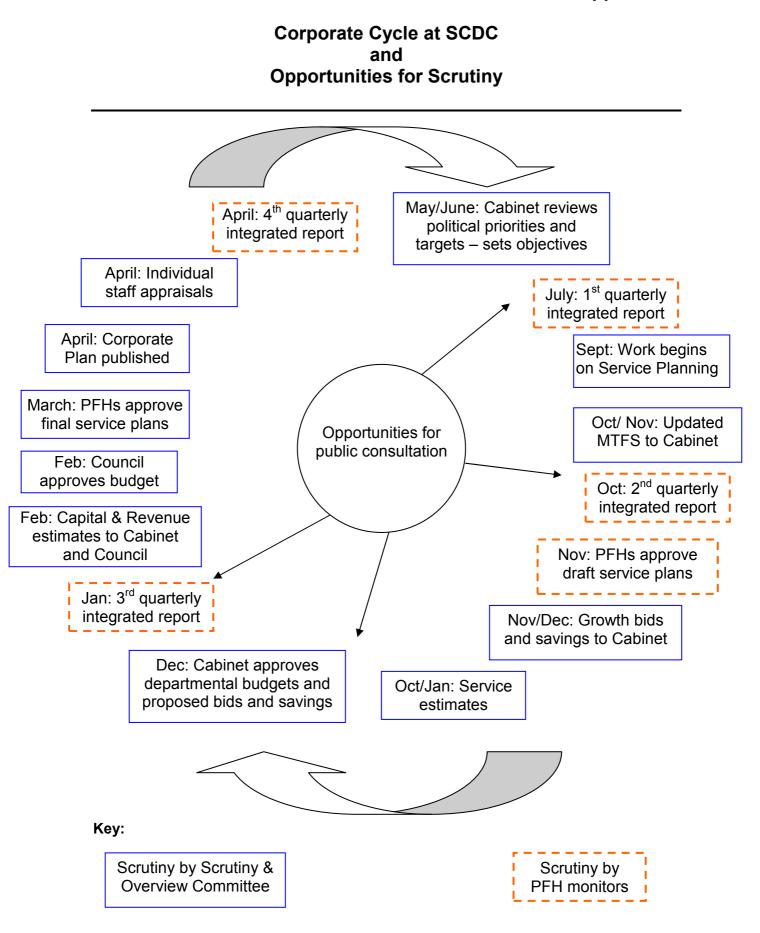
The following are suggested

		Score	Scoring Guide
1	Statutory	8	Statutory requirement – high risk that non-compliance will
	Requirement?		have substantial legal or reputational implications
		5	Statutory requirement – medium risk from non-compliance
		3	Statutory requirement – low risk from non-compliance
		3	Not statutory – but high expectation from KLOEs/audit etc
		0	Non statutory
2	Support for	6	High relevance/essential to one of service priorities – will
	Corporate		have substantial quantifiable impact on a key performance
	Aims		indicator
		3	Relevant to one of service priorities, with quantifiable
			impact – but not measurable by PI
		2	Will have some impact on a service priority – but not
			measurable
		1	Relevance to one of high level 3 Corporate Aims
		0	Not related to Corporate Aims
3	Impact on the	3	Bid will benefit all or most people in the district
	public -	2	Bid will benefit a significant number of people across the
	number		district
		1	Effect of bid is confined to relatively small number of
			people or a particular locality
		0	No impact on public
4	Impact on	3	Will make major impact on the lives of public who benefit
	public –	2	Will make moderate impact on people's lives
	extent of	1	Will make relatively small impact on people's lives and
	impact		their quality of life
		0	No direct impact on people's lives or quality of life
5	Value for		Divide the cost of the bid (2009/10 cost in thousands) by
	money		the total from questions 1-4 – then score as follows:-
		4	If the result is <1
		3	If the result is 1-2
		2	If the result is 2.1 –5
		1	If the result is 6-10
		0	If the result is > 10

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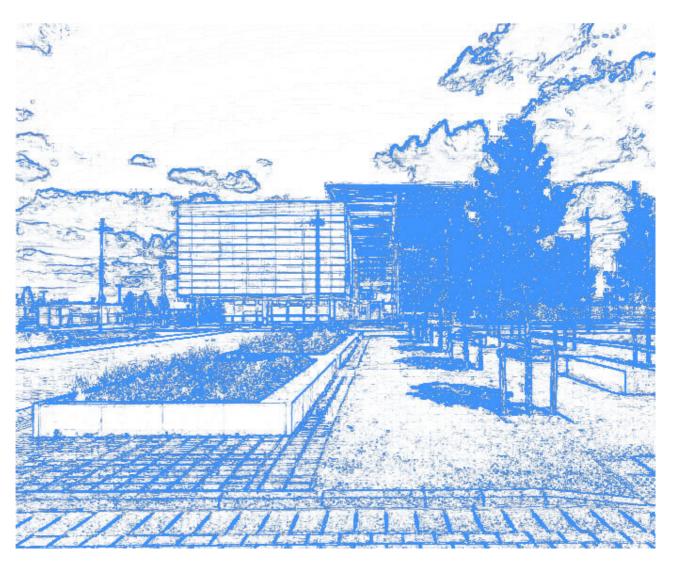
Appendix 4





South Cambridgeshire District Council

Core Data for the Capital Strategy and Corporate Asset Management Plan 2010 - 2011



DRAFT February 2010

Core data 2010/11

Contents

- 1. Revenue Budgets
- 2. Fixed Assets
- 3. Maintenance Backlog
- 4. Capital Programme
- 5. Borrowing
- 6. Background Information

1. Revenue Budgets

	Gross Expenditure £m	To be Raised from: £m	Other Income £m
Revenue Budget 2010/11 General Fund Services for the	2	2	~
whole community	52.3	6.8 (Council Tax)	44.7
Council Housing Services	22.3	21.8 (Rents)	0.4

The use of balances accounts for the difference between gross expenditure and income.

2. Fixed Assets

Analysis of Fixed Assets as at 31st March 2009

	Numbers	Gross Floor Area Sq M	Valuation	
			£m	Basis
Council Dwellings	5,572	-	393.9	А
Offices	1	5,055	13.5	В
Depot and Workshop (leasehold)	1	-	0.3	С
Car Parks	5	-	0.6	D
Vehicles, plant and equipment		-	1.7	Е
Garages		-	3.1	А
Land	15.25 acres	-	4.4	А

Basis of Valuation

A) Professionally valued as at 1st April 2005 on the basis of existing use value for social housing using guidance issued by the Government and then reviewed annually.

B) Professional valuation as at 30th March 2009.

C) Present Value of Future Rents.

D) Professional valuations as at 1st April 2004.

E) Historic Cost.

3. Maintenance Backlog

A stock condition survey was carried out on 24.5% of the Council's housing stock in the autumn of 2006 to assess the condition and future maintenance liabilities. The survey's findings suggested that the stock was generally in reasonable condition but a lack of capital investment has meant the properties could not be maintained to a recommended condition. Approximately 24% of the stock was identified as 'non-decent' and the survey identified all of the works required to meet the Government's decent homes target. Currently under 5% of the stock has been assessed as being 'non decent' and on current financial forecasts these will meet the target by 2010, however this will not be sustainable after this date.

All other assets have been maintained regularly and therefore there is no backlog maintenance.

	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
	£	£	£	£	£
All Corporate Aims					
Council Dwellings					
Acquisition of Existing Dwellings	1,000,000	0	0	0	0
Improvement of Housing Stock	3,603,160	3,230,000	3,230,000	3,230,000	3,230,000
Other Housing Grants, etc.	260,000	260,000	260,000	260,000	260,000
Corporate Aim A					
South Cambs Hall	10,000	0	0	0	0
ICT Development	274,000	394,000	199,000	179,000	189,000
Local Strategic Partnership Projects	20,000	0	0	0	0
Corporate Aim B					
Village Sport Facilities	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
Community Facilities	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
Corporate Aim C					
Awarded Watercourses Excavator	0	160,000	0	0	0
Street Cleansing	0	65,000	130,000	0	0
Wheeled Bins	1,509,000	0	0	0	0
Housing Renewal Scheme	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
Improvement Grants	770,000	770,000	770,000	770,000	770,000
Climate Change	100,000	75,000	0	0	0
Conservation and Historic Buildings Grants, etc	105,600	83,600	83,600	83,600	83,600
Corporate Aim D					
Arts Grants	40,000	40,000	40,000	40,000	40,000
Total Capital Programme	7,991,760	5,377,600	5,012.600	4,862,600	4,872,600

4. Capital Programme

	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
	£	£	£	£	£
Financed by:					
Capital Receipts from sale of Assets	(2,167,6000)	(1,422,600)	(1,165,940)	(750,000)	(750,000)
Revenue Contribution to Capital Outlay	(300,000)	0	0	0	0
Reserves	(1,044,500	(160,000)	0	0	0
Grants & Contributions					
Major Repairs Allowance	(3,275,660)	(3,200,000)	(3,200,000)	(3,200,000) ((3,200,000)
Other Housing Grants	(27,500)	(30,000)	(30,000)	(30,000)	(30,000)
Specific Government Grants	(360,000)	(275,000)	(200,000)	(200,000)	(200,000)
Other Grants	(66,500)	(40,000)	(30,000)	(30,000)	(20,000)
Contribution from 106 Agreements	(250,000)	(250,000)	(250,000)	(250,000)	(250,000)
Partnership Funding	(500,000)	0	0	0	0
Housing & Planning Delivery Grant	0	0	(136,660)	(402,600)	(422,600)
Total Financing	(7,991,760)	(5,377,600)	(5,012,600)	(4,862,600) (4,872,600)

5. Borrowing

It is the authority's intention to remain debt free and therefore it is unlikely that there will be any borrowing regardless of whether the cost of borrowing is supported or unsupported by Government grant.

6. Background Information

Area: 89,861 hectares

- Population: The population of South Cambridgeshire has increased by 7.7% from 130,500 in 2001 to an estimated 140,556 in 2008, based on a projection by the Registrar General of the Office of National Statistics. As a result of regional planning guidance and structure plan policies, it is anticipated that the population will grow by 24% by 2021 to 172,700.
- Characteristics: South Cambridgeshire is a predominately rural area which encircles the city of Cambridge. It covers a relatively large area of 350 square miles. The district consists of 102 villages. There are several large villages but there is no central location for the provision of facilities for the whole District. High costs and affordable housing are major issues as the Council is located within easy commuting distance of London.

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